

Agenda

Vassilis Kaminaris

Introduction

Objective of the Study

Diana de Graaf

Section 1

What is the Circular Economy and how is it implemented?

Eirinikos Platis

Section 2:

What is the Current state of the Circular Economy in Greece?

Legislative and regulatory framework

Kiara Konti

Section 2:

What is the Current state of the Circular Economy in Greece?

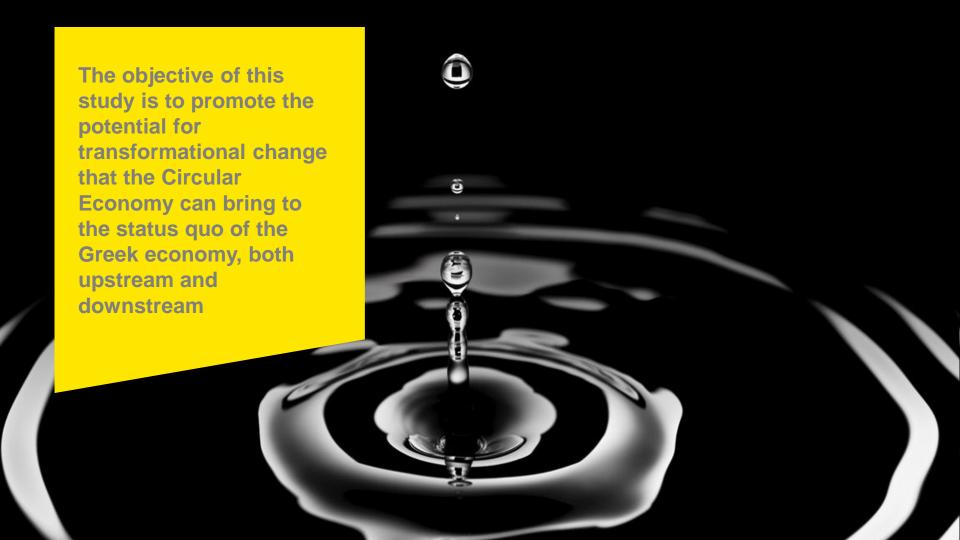
The business perspective



Introduction

Vassilis Kaminaris | Partner





New Circular Economy European Package - European Commission

- boost European competitiveness
- foster sustainable economic growth
- generate new jobs for Greece and the EU



- Funding
 - ► €5.5 billion from structural funds
 - ► €650 million from Horizon 2020







Why to promote the Circular Economy in Greece?

Opportunity for Greece

- use the opportunity to help the long awaited investment cycle recommence for business in Greece, as and when the needed fiscal and structural reforms take place
- provide information and benchmarking to Greek businesses to explore transformational initiatives, as opposed to simply replicating past experience, by using the incentives and directions inherent in these programs
- transform the issue of waste management, recycling of wastes, storing and reusing of wastes, from a field of confrontation to an area where cooperation and win-win solutions can be established.



Section 1:What is the Circular Economy and how is it implemented?

Diana de Graaf | Senior Manager

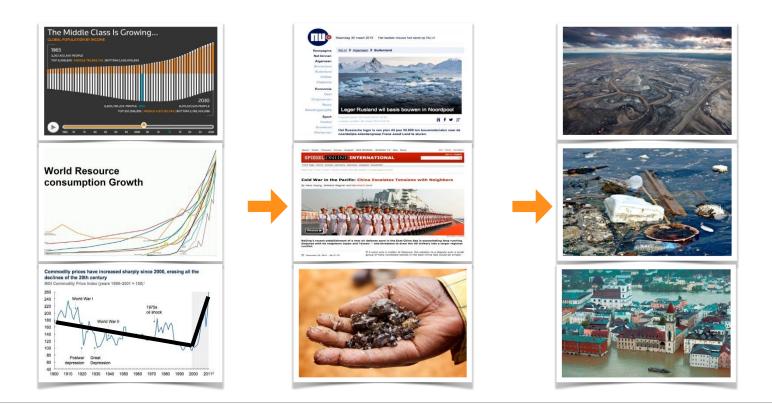


Our current economy is linear: resource, product, waste



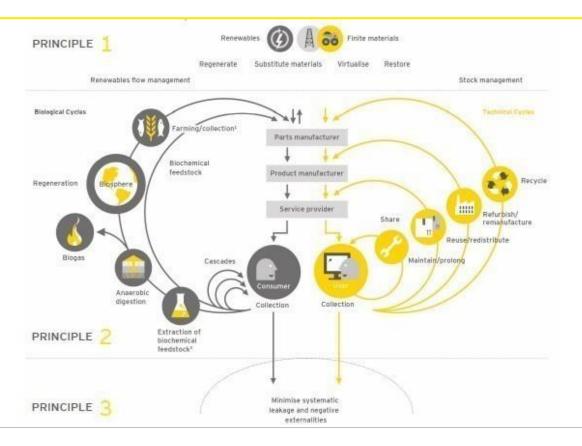


This is not longer viable: socially, economically, ecologically





New model: Circular Economy (theory)





Why a Circular Economy?

- The Circular Economy helps to contain risks
- The Circular economy offers opportunities
- Presents a wide variety of challenges for businesses





Circular business models

Circular supplies

Move to renewable, bio-based and biodegradable resources



Resource recovery

Recover every possible remaining value from waste and byproducts



Product life extension

Maintain a product in a working condition for a longer period



Sharing platforms

Share products with multiple users



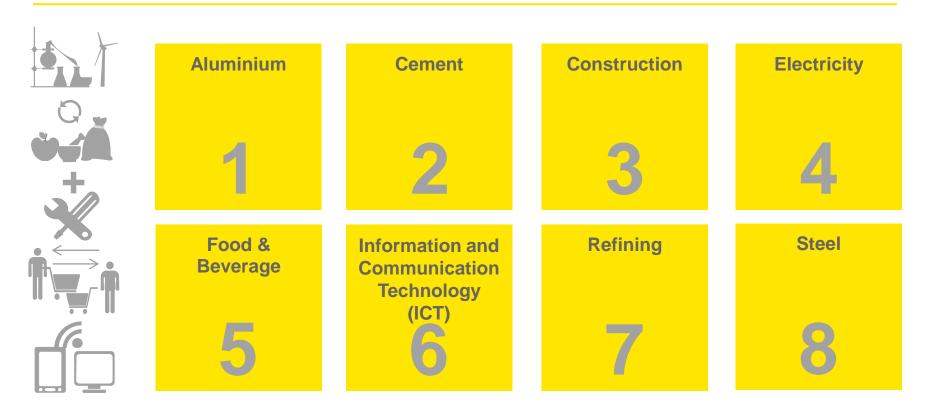
Product as a service

Provide the use of a product instead of the product itself





Circular Economy leading practices per sector





Circular Economy leading practices per sector; Aluminium

Aluminium

Country

The Netherlands



Foundation

Alueco

Project

Take-back guarantee

- Circular Economy model applied: Resource recovery
- ► The aluminum companies have committed to taking back the supplied aluminum products after demolition





Circular Economy leading practices per sector; Cement

Cement

Country

The Netherlands



Company

SmartCrusher by

Project

Concrete recycling

Circular Economy model applied: Resource recovery

 Separation into unhydrated cement and other pure raw materials that are suitable for further use





Circular Economy leading practices per sector; Construction

Construction

Country

The Netherlands



Company

Philips, Turntoo

Project

Circular lighting

- Circular Economy model applied: Product as a service
- Light as a service: from a one-time sale to a 'Pay per lux'

Business Model Innovation

Selling light as a service instead of bulbs





Circular Economy leading practices per sector; Electricity

Electricity

Country

The Netherlands



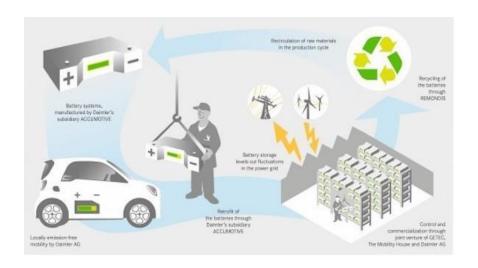
Company

Daimler

Project

Used car batteries

- Circular Economy model applied: Product life extension
- Batteries from e-vehicles get 2nd life for electricity storage





Circular Economy leading practices per sector; F&B

Food & Beverage

Country

The Netherlands



Company

Green Recycled Organics
Project

Coffee residue reuse

- Circular Economy model applied: Resource recovery
- Coffee residue as a growth substrate for oyster mushrooms













Circular Economy leading practices per sector; ICT

ICT

Country

The Netherlands



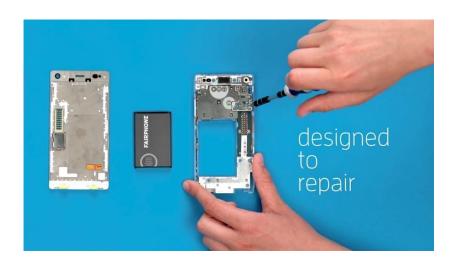
Company

Fairphone

Project

Modular phone

- Circular Economy model applied: Product life extension
- Users repair their own phone and replace parts





Circular Economy leading practices per sector; Refining

Refining

Country

Finland/ Netherlands



Company

Neste

Project

Bio LPG

- Circular Economy model applied: Circular supplies/resource recovery
- Production of premium-quality NEXBTL fuel from various waste, residues and vegetable oils





Circular Economy leading practices per sector; Steel

Steel

Country

The Netherlands



Company

Nedstaal

Project

Smart metal recycling

- Circular Economy model applied: Resource recovery
- Tracking and tracing products and identifying alloy composition





Regulatory initiatives in EU benchmarking group of countries

VANG Innovate UK **Flanders Eco-mobilier** European (EPR) material Insurance **Solution PCC** program **United Kingdom** The Netherlands Belgium Sweden France



Section 2: What is the current state of the Circular Economy in Greece?

Legislative and regulatory framework

Eirinikos Platis | Partner

Platis – Anastasiadis & Associates Law Partnership



Legislative and regulatory framework

- Documentation framework
 - European Commission's roadmap titled "Circular Economy strategy"
 - European Parliament's "Report on resource efficiency: moving towards a circular economy"
 - European Commission's official webpage "Moving towards a circular economy"
 - ► European Commission Communication titled "Closing the loop An EU action plan for the Circular Economy"



Legislative and regulatory framework

EU legislation per phase of the Circular Economy





Directives



EU Decisions

 Greek legislation per phase of the Circular Economy



Regulations

Greek laws



Greek ministerial decisions

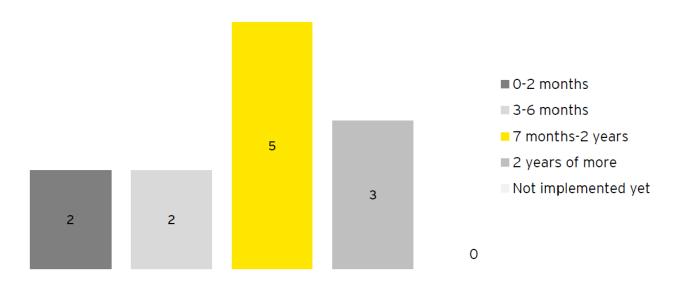


Greek presidential decrees



Legislative and regulatory framework; Implementation

Implementation delay in Greece





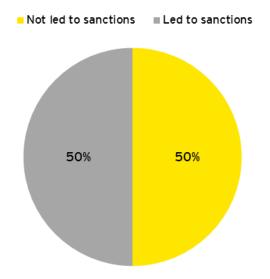
Legislative and regulatory framework; Implementation

Implementation of Directive 94/62/EC on packaging and packaging waste			
Issuance	Implementation	Implementation	Actual
Date	Deadline	in Greece	Implementation
20.12.1994	30.6.1996	6.8.2001	7.11.2008



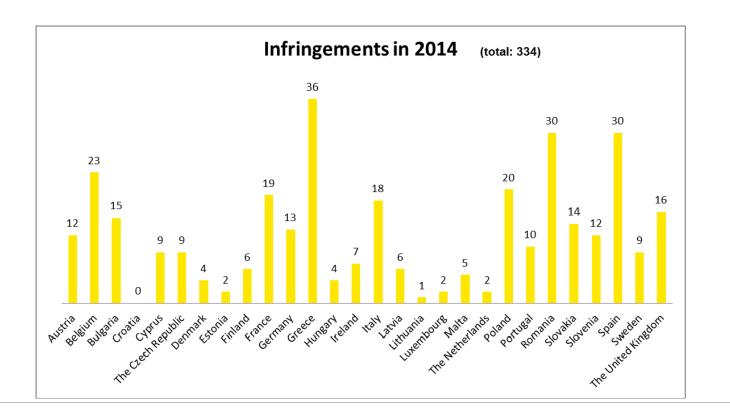
Legislative and regulatory framework; Infringements

Infringements of CE Directives (%)





Legislative and regulatory framework; Infringements





Legislative and regulatory framework; Hazardous waste

- Greece failures on hazardous waste
 - To adopt an adequate management plan for hazardous waste
 - To create adequate facilities to deal with the hazardous waste generated.
 - ► To tackle the issue of "historical waste which has been temporarily stocked until it can be efficiently managed"



Legislative and regulatory framework; Conclusions

- Our review of the EU and Greek legislative and regulatory framework on the Circular Economy, as well as the legislative and regulatory barriers identified through our cross sectorial assessment, revealed:
 - A. Delays in implementation and failures in actual implementation of the European legal framework on the Circular Economy and the existence of concurrent and contradictory legislations and regulations
 - B. Non transparent and deficient licensing regimes for Circular Economy activities
 - C. Lack of law enforcement and absence of sufficient audit mechanisms and subsequent delays in the imposition of administrative fines



Legislative and regulatory framework

- Way forward
 - Development of a national roadmap for the transition to the Circular Economy, including:
 - Effective handling of legislative distortions
 - Establishment of audit mechanisms
 - Alignment of public procurement criteria to promote circular economy activities
 - Establishment of fair market conditions
 - Fiscal measures and incentives
 - Review and alignment of the National Waste Management Plan with the proposed roadmap



Section 2: What is the current state of the Circular Economy in Greece?

The business perspective

Kiara Konti | Manager EY



The business perspective; A sector by sector analysis against the Circular Economy

Approach

- Stakeholder engagement
- Desk-based research
- Limitations

Methodology

- Identification of main Circular Economy topics for each specific sector
- Documentation of material and product flows
- Development of assessment criteria for the sectors under scope



Technical cycles

ENERGY

- 1. Primarily non-renewable
- 2. Primarily mix
- 3. Primarily renewable



FEEDSTOCK

- 1. Primarily virgin
- 2. Primarily mix
- 3. Primarily reused / recycled



BUSINESS MODEL

- 1. No CE models adopted
- At least one CE model widely adopted
- 3. Various CE models widely adopted



ENERGY

- 1. Primarily non-renewable
- 2. Primarily mix
- 3. Primarily renewable



FEEDSTOCK

- 1. Primarily non organic
- 2. Primarily mix
- 3. Primarily organic



WASTE

- 1. Primarily landfilling
- 2. Primarily recycling
- 3. Primarily reuse/remanufacture



WASTE

- 1. No resource recovery
- 2. Limited reuse, energy or material recovery
- Common reuse, energy or material recovery



Sectors under scope



Aluminium

Cement

Construction

Electricity

Food & Beverage

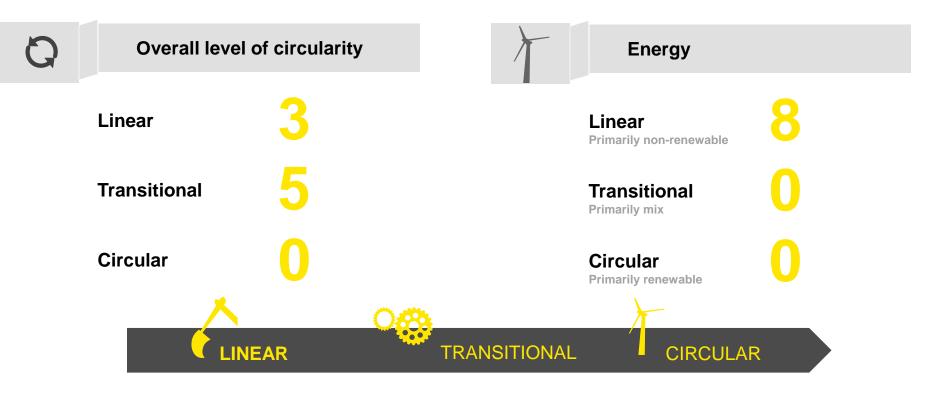
Information and Communication Technology (ICT)

Refining

Steel



Key findings; Circularity & Energy





Key findings; Feedstock



Biological feedstock (Food & Beverage Sector)

Linear

Primarily non organic

Transitional
Primarily mix

Circular Primarily organic



Technical feedstock (Excluding F&B)

Linear Primarily virgin

Transitional
Primarily mix

Circular
Primarily reused/recycled

1



Key findings; Waste



Waste (Food & Beverage Sector)



Waste (Excluding F&B)

Linear

No resource recovery



Transitional



Limited reuse, energy or material recovery



Circular





Linear

Primarily landfilling

Transitional

Primarily recycling

Circular

Primarily reuse/remanufacture



Key findings; Circular models applied





Main conclusions

Need for

legislative and regulatory reform towards the Circular Economy

02

Fragmented adoption of circular models, in the context of inefficient systemic approach

03

Emphasis is placed on the 'end of life' stage, rather than on the design stage

04

Recycling and recovery of construction and demolition waste requires considerable improvement

05

Low penetration of secondary fuels in some industrial applications

06

Bio-waste and food waste recovery is limited, resulting in significant economic and environmental impacts

07

Need for law enforcement of hazardous waste legislation

08

Addressing waste market barriers



Way forward

Development of a

Development of a national roadmap for the transition to the Circular Economy





Development of collaboration platforms





Sectorial level assessments





Awareness raising at consumer level





Thank you for your attention

